

PPP-GPRS protocol for MG100

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1. Introduction

PPP-GPRS protocol is identical with the PPP protocol for MORSE, in addition uses the menu SXe.

MG100 is a variation on the MR400 radiomodem, equipped with GPRS in place of the radio part. It allows for connecting points of the data network via the GPRS network or inserting a GPRS section into the MORSE network transmission path.

2. Data Format

The data format is similar to the PPP protocol. A more detailed description is contained in article Format of the UDP datagram IPGW for MORSE. The PPP protocol is used in the M-IP-M mode.

3. Implementation in the MORSE System

Regarding HW the modem board is connected to the GPRS module through the SCC1 channel, which is why it is unavailable to the user. SCC2, SCC3, and ETH0 channels and the ADIO analog and digital I/O module are available. The SCC0 channel can be used subject to SCC0 being out of operation for the time the service cable is connected.

Modem communication with the GPRS module is indicated by three LEDs located by the antenna connector:

- GS GPRS status
- Tx transmitting packets from the modem to the GPRS module
- Rx receiving packets from the GPRS module to the modem

SW control is carried out using the PPP protocol by selecting parameter "(g)prs mode:ON". Functions controlling the radio part, which are contained in the SETR Main menu, are not functional. For example, instead of monitoring the radio channel we use "iMSIe1r" for monitoring communication with the network.

The GPRS module can have an assigned static IP address. It is then always available to all network subscribers and is listed in their Art tables:

as "default gw" in case it is the only owner of a fixed IP address

or in a pair with a MORSE address

```
dest: gw:
69000001 C0A80005
69000002 C0A80016
```

in the case of more known subscribers.

There must be at least one module with a static address in the network.

If the GPRS module has an assigned dynamic IP address which changes on each new login it must report at regular "(p) roxy timeout" intervals to the address of the module with the fixed address, which then maintains a list of other subscribers in the Art table.

The module can be put into idle mode by entering the specific password "(s)ms passwd". It can be reactivated by sending an SMS with the password to its telephone number.

4. Configuration

When configuring the MG100 connect the network output of the node to SCC1:

Ne1NS1

SIe 1rN1

```
Nodes:
                             retab
                           N | 1 w n g | sTO Err Cent vTO hTO
Nid|address | M | u s | L
(0) 00461B02
              - S00| - R00|0 0 0 0| 15 SERV OFF 304
(1) 6981AA01
               S02 S00| - S01|0 0 0 0| 15 SERV OFF 304
(2) 00000000
               S01 S00| - R02|0 0 0 0| 15 SERV OFF 304
(3) 00000000
             S02 S00| - R03|0 0 0 0| 15 SERV
                                               OFF 304
(4) 00000000
               S03 S00| - R04|0 0 0 0| 15 SERV
                                               OFF 304
```

Channel to Node Interface:

```
retranslation | user+service
                                              lim
id N A t
                m | N A t Base
                                    m sec brc S
(0) 0 NO AR
                  | 1 NO AR
                                      usr OFF NONE
(1) 1
     NO AR
                  | 2 MASK 00000000/08 usr OFF NONE
(2) 0
      NO AR
                   | 1 MASK 00000000/08 usr OFF NONE
                   | 0 MASK 00000000/08 usr OFF NONE
(3) 0
      NO AR
```

Select the communication speed on SCC1 according to the GPRS module, idle to 200 and the PPP protocol:

```
SPe 1b1152
1i200
1o2P
```

Since 07/2010 are GPRS routers MG100M2 and MG100M3 configured to higher speed on the SCC1 port:

```
SPe 1b2304
1i200
1o2P
```

```
SCCs:

n m g b p8 i s XRC D G o

(0)RS232 ASYNC SW 19200N81 5 1600 --- D 0 MARS-A

(1)RS232 ASYNC SW 115200N81 200 1600 --- D 0 PPP

(2)RS232 ASYNC SW 19200N81 5 1600 --- D 0 MARS-A

(3)RS232 ASYNC SW 19200N81 5 1600 --- D 0 MARS-A
```

Set PPP protocol parameters (L) oc IP and (R) mt IP to zero, mr(u):1500, (h) ayes simulator: OFF a (g) prs mode: ON.



Important

It is necessary set a non-zero value in (R)mt IP for the router MG100M2...

```
PPP parameters:
Wanted options:
(L)oc IP:00000000h 0.0.0.0
(R) mt IP:00000000h 0.0.0.0
Got options:
         00000000h 0.0.0.0
         00000000h 0.0.0.0
mr(u):1500
(h) ayes simulator: OFF
                   obsolete LCP ma(G)ic (sv465..sv479):OFF
LCP m(a)gic:ON
(F) lags:0
(q)prs mode:ON (i)nfo
IPG(W)
(q)uit
>>
```

The items "Got options:" are filled in automatically after connecting to the BTS.

The current overview of accessible BTS, the information about the module used and PPP protocol state provides the "(i) nfo" menu, e.g.:

Example for MG100M1... router, which is attached to GSM/GPRS network. Timeout SXe r 1go = 120 sec, row S denotes the active BTS:

```
>>GPRS info: RSSI -61 dBm; registered home; GPRS attached.
```

```
#MONI: EUROTEL - CZ BSIC:17 RxQual:0 LAC:0725 Id:20A7 ARFCN:48 PWR:-60dbm TA:0
#MONI: Cell BSIC LAC Cellid ARFCN
                                       Power C1 C2 TA RxOual PLMN
            17 0725
                       20A7
                                48
                                     -60dbm 45 45
                                                      0
                                                           0
                                                                EUROTEL - CZ
#MONI: S
            11 0725
                       95D7
                               520
                                     -73dbm 17 33
#MONI: N1
#MONI: N2
            16 0725
                       20A5
                               93
                                     -88dbm 17 11
#MONI: N3
            15 0725
                       0000
                                     -95dbm 10
                               112
                       95D5
                                     -96dbm -6 -12
#MONI: N4
            11 0725
                               524
                                            7
                                     -98dbm
#MONI: N5
            16 0725
                       209A
                                41
                                                  1
                                            6
#MONI: N6
            15 0725
                       20C0
                                87
                                     -99dbm
                                                  0
next info in 87 sec (of 120)
DEBUG: gprs state 9, grps attached 1, t0 state 0, last itime 3s
```

```
DEBUG: next dehryz in 1163 sec (of 1200) >>
```

Example for MG100M2... router,, which is attached to UMTS network. Timeout SXe r 1go = 0 sec, only the active BTS is displayed:

(p) roxy timeout: 300s is used for the GPRS module with a dynamic IP address and (p) roxy timeout: 0s is sufficient for static addresses

There are three basic ways of filling in the Art table which menu M-IP-M refers to:

- 1. the GPRS module is the only one assigned with a static IP address:
 - table Art is empty, and is filled in automatically after logging in other modules
- 2. the GPRS module has an assigned dynamic IP address:
 - the IP address of the module, which has a static IP address, is written to "default gw" in the Art table; see example. This module with the static IP address then becomes the router.
- 3. more modules have static IP addresses:
 - fill "dest" and "gw" in the Art table so that we get a translation table where the column "dest" contains MORSE address and "gw" the respective IP addresses of other known CUs having the static addresses.

```
ART No 1: items: 0 default gw: C0A81234 (192.168.18.52 ) dest: gw: >>
```

Special parameters for the GPRS mode are found in menu: SXe 1q



Important

Do not use the Init and Sync command in this menu. After choosing "SXe" read the current state using "r" = (r) ead, continue "1g". The new parameters save by "w". Next, do (I) nit the menu SPe or total reboot.

```
GSM/GPRS DIALER:
(i) nit string (\&KO\QO\&DO\&C1):
(p) in:0
(A) PN string:
(n) umber: *99***1#
(s) ms passwd:
inf(o) timeout:1800
(d)ehryz timeout:1200
d(e)hryz mode:MODULE RESET+WARM RESTART (MG100i only)
(a) uit
>>
GSM/GPRS/... DIALER:
(i) nit string (&KO\QO&DO&C1):
(p) in:0
(A) PN string:
(n)umber: *99***1#
(w) ireless service select:AUTO
ope(r)ator select:AUTO
oper(a)tor code:0
(s) ms passwd:
inf(o) timeout:1800
(d)ehryz timeout:1200
d(e)hryz mode:WARM RESTART
(q)uit
>>
                    - AT commands which are executed on initialising the connection can be prepared
(i)nit string
(&K0\Q0&D0&C1): here. We recommend for routers MG100i since version fw 10.0.98.0:
                       MG100x0: " "
                     MG100x1,2,3: "&K0\Q0&D0&C1"
                     MG100x4: "&C1"
                    - f the SIM card uses a PIN, enter it here. On entering an incorrect PIN there is
p)in:0
                    a risk of blocking the SIM card!
(A)PN string:

    name used by the APN network, e.g.: profi.internet, telemetry...

                    -login number to the network, e.g.: *99***1#
(n)umber:
(w)ireless service
                       (0) AUTO - volí přednostně UMTS, pak GPRS-EDGE
select:AUTO
                       (1) GPRS/EDGE (2.5G)
                      (2) UMTS (3G)
```

- volba módu, pro MG100x2, MG100x3

ope(r)ator select:AUTO

- (0) AUTO automaticaly
- (1) MANUAL/AUTO preferably to oper (a) tor code
- (2) MANUAL according to oper(a) tor code
- volba operátora, pro MG100x1,2,3,4

oper(a)tor code:0

code for the ope(r)ator select, e.g. 23002

(s)ms passwd:

- content of SMS message (min. 6 characters) to activate CU from idle state.
After entering parameter "(s) ms passwd:" and initialising the protocol the CU is put into idle state.

inf(o) timeout:

- for testing. With period "inf(o) timeout:" short jumps to "command mode" are made with the new record about the connected BTS station. However, there is approximately a 5 second communication delay, which is overcome by means of timeouts on PPP. Records can be read using the "SPelti" command and takes effect on RSS LEDs also. For tuning purposes use inf(o) timeout:30 sec, for standard operating around 1000 sec. RSS state can be refreshed using the init of PPP protocol.

MG100x4: inf(o) timeout:0 — the used module does not support this function

(d)ehryz timeout:

- the CU monitors the incoming IP packets. If no packet arrives over the "(d) ehryz timeout" period then the restart according to next parameter is executed

d(e)hryz mode:

- (0) WARM RESTART Init is executed and an entry is made to the Event log
- (1) POWER CYCLE+WARM RESTART both voltage restart of GPRS module and modem restart (protocol Init is executed and an entry is made to the Event log)
- (2) MODULE RESET+WARM RESTART (MG100i only) hardware RESET
 of module is executed and warm restart of modem (Init is executed and an
 entry is made to the Event log)
 - this is the recomended choice for new routers MG100i

5. History

- 11/2005 release 740 new description
- 08/2007 BTS info example
- 05/2009 release 10.0.85.0 MG100i routers menus SPe 1tL, SXe r 1ge
- 03/2010 release 10.0.98.0 router MG100M4 (i)nit string, inf(o) timeout

- 07/2010 speed 230.4 kbps on SCC1 for MG100M2 and MG100M3
- 12/2010 (w)ireless service select, ope(r)ator select added