



GPS protocol for MORSE

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1. Introduction

The GPS receiver processes position signals from the satellite. It uses these signals to determine the time and location on the earth's surface (latitude and longitude, altitude). Data from the GPS can be used for active monitoring of vehicles, for example, by transmitting data from the vehicle to the control centre in designated time intervals.

Data from the GPS can be processed in various modes. According to the type of processing other information is enclosed with the information from the GPS, and according to the set criteria packets are produced which are sent to the MORSE network.

2. Data Format

The datagram begins with the "Type of RF message", which can take on various values.

- 0x06 GPS BASIC, coordinate, speed
- 0x05 connection to GPS on RS232 interrupted
- 0x07 GPS RSS, coordinate, Base, RSS
- 0x08 GPS REC, transmission via recorder
- 0x00 obsolete - GPS BASIC old
- 0x01 obsolete – replaced by type 0x08
- 0x02 obsolete - replaced by type 0x08
- 0x03 obsolete - replaced by type 0x04
- 0x04 obsolete - replaced by type 0x05

Only updated used types are described herein.

2.1. GPS BASIC

Datagram for transmission of basic information from the GPS protocol to the control centre.

Type of RF message: 0x06

Length of packet: 16 byte
Parameter (p)eriod: (p) > 0, on
(m)ode: (M) MOBILE/RSS/TIME

Packet format:

|type/8|fix/2|sec/6|lat/32|lon/32|speed/8|azimuth/8|status/16|height/16|

Meaning of items:

type - 1 byte - type of RF message = 0x06
fix - 2 bits - type of information about position
 00 - not fixed
 01 - is fixed 2D, there is no differential correction
 10 - is fixed 2D, there is differential correction
 11 - is fixed 2D, no information about dif. correction
sec - 6 bits - seconds in a running minute
lat - 4 bytes - latitude in 1/100000 of a minute,
 MSB = 0 means N - north
 1 means S - south
lon - 4 bytes - longitude in 1/100000 of a minute,
 MSB = 0 means E - east
 1 means W - west
speed - 1 byte - speed in km/h (max 255)
azimuth - 1 byte - azimuth in 1/256 of a circle
status - 2 bytes - MSByte, LSByte - car status
 MSByte contains information about the state of inputs of the connected
 unit MTS, SEP, ADIO
 0x03 - example - ADIO inputs DI0 and DI1 are in the ON state
 LSByte contains in its LSBit info about the state of the RTS signal
 0x00 - RTS = log 1 (-5 to -15V) or is disconnected
 0x01 - RTS = log 0 (+5 to +15V)
height - 2 byte - altitude in units of 0.1 m, range 0...6500m,
 0xFFFF = not fixed in 3D mode

2.2. Lost Connection

Loss of GPS connection.

Type of RF message: 0x05
Length of packet: 1 byte
Parameter (p)eriod: (p) > 0, no influence on frequency the message
(m)ode: (M) MOBILE/RSS/TIME

Packet format:

|type/8|

type - 1 byte - type of RF message = 0x05

A message is sent to address (d)st when there is a loss of the connection between port SCC and GPS.

2.3. GPS RSS

Datagram for measuring coverage of the territory by the radio signal.

Type of RF message: 0x07
 Packet length: 16 byte
 Parameter (P): (P) > 0, on
 (m)ode: (M) MOBILE/RSS/TIME

|type/8|fix/2|sec/6|lat/32|lon/32|base/32|res/8|RSS/8|

Meaning of items:

type - 1 byte - type of RF message = 0x07
 fix - 2 bits - type of information about position
 00 - not fixed
 01 - is fixed 2D, there is no differential correction
 10 - is fixed 2D, there is differential correction
 11 - is fixed 2D, no information about differential correction
 sec - 6 bits - second in a running minute
 lat - 4 bytes - latitude in 1/100000 of a minute,
 MSB = 0 means N - north
 1 means S - south
 lon - 4 bytes - longitude in 1/100000 of a minute,
 MSB = 0 means E - east
 1 means W - west
 base - 4 byte - address of base station used
 res - 1 byte - reserve
 RSS - 1 byte - RSS (-dBm) (Received Signal Strength) - strength of base station signal

Items fix, sec, lon, lat are zero in the case of a loss of GPS connection.

2.4. GPS REC

Datagram for transmission of basic information from the GPS protocol to the control centre using the Recorder function. It only works in the K firmware module.

Type of RF message: 0x08
 Packet length: 34 byte
 Parameter (p)eriod: (p) > 0, on
 (m)ode: (m) MOBILE+REC/RSS/TIME

Packet format - first 20 bytes is public, others "proprietary" i.e. can be changed later:

```
|type/8|fix/2|sec/6|lat/32|lon/32|speed/8|azimuth/8|status/16|height/16|  
|gmt/32|ft/32|no/32|base/32|DQ/8|RSS/8|
```

Meaning of items:

```
type - 1 byte - type of RF message = 0x06  
fix - 2 bits - type of information about position  
      00 - not fixed  
      01 - is fixed 2D, there is no differential correction  
      10 - is fixed 2D, there is differential correction  
      11 - is fixed 2D, no information about differential correction  
sec - 6 bits - second in a running minute  
lat - 4 bytes - latitude in 1/100000 of a minute,  
      MSB = 0 means N - north  
      1 means S - south  
lon - 4 bytes - longitude in 1/100000 of a minute,  
      MSB = 0 means E - east  
      1 means W - west  
speed - 1 byte - speed in km/h (max 255)  
azimuth - 1 byte - azimuth in 1/256 of a circle  
status - 2 bytes - MSByte,LSByte - car status  
      MSByte contains information about the status of inputs of the connected  
      unit MTS, SEP, ADIO  
      0x03 - example - ADIO inputs DI0 and DI1 are in the ON state  
      LSByte contains information about the status of the CU:
```

```
|res/11|st_cold/1|st_gps/1|st_rf/1|st_pwr/1|st_rts/1|
```

```
res:    0 - reserve  
st_cold: 0 - normal status  
        1 - COLD START performed (POWER ON)  
st_gps:  0 - GPS connection working  
        1 - GPS connection interrupted  
st_rf:   0 - mobile connection working  
        1 - mobile connection interrupted  
st_pwr:  0 - supply from network  
        1 - supply from batteries  
st_rts   0 - RTS = log 1  
        1 - RTS = log 0
```

```
height - 2 bytes - altitude in units of 0.1 m, range 0...6500m,  
        0xFFFF = not fixed in 3D mode  
gmt - 4 bytes - ordinary time in seconds elapsed  
      since 00:00:00 GMT, 1st Jan. 1970  
ft - 4 bytes - format time - GMT, when the recorder was formatted,  
      serves for identifying the recorder  
no - 4 bytes - sequence number of the record in the recorder  
base - 4 bytes - address of base station used  
DQ - 1 byte - data quality - quality of base station signal  
RSS - 1 byte - RSS (-dBm) (Received Signal Strength) - strength  
      of base station signal
```

Items fix, sec, lon, lat are zero in the case of a loss of the GPS connection.

3.2. Loss of communication with GPS

Loss of the GPS connection on the serial port is reported to the centre. Message "05" is sent to address (d)st:690F80AAh in place of the GPS BASIC datagram. This is first sent 3 seconds after the loss of the GPS connection, and then every 60 seconds.

A datagram containing zeros in place of coordinates is sent to address RSS (D)st:690F80BBh with a period of (P):10s

```
12:49:05.000|                |690F80AA 690F8011|S02I  OUT  1| 09 0user
05
12:49:05.000|                |690F80BB 690F8011|S02I  OUT 16| 09 0user
0700 0000 0000 0000 0000 690F 8101 1E55
```

3.3. GPS REC

Transmission with recorder support can be used in the case where the mobile radio connection to the centre is interrupted from time to time. The recorder is part of the memory in the radio modem, to which datagrams from the GPS protocol are written. From there they are then transferred to the radio network. If the radio connection is interrupted datagrams are only stored in the recorder. After the connection is renewed they are then sent to the centre. This operation in the centre is managed by the A-GPS daemon. The modem must contain fw module K.

Below is an example of a datagram under normal operation:

```
11:25:47.004|                |690F80AA 690F8011|S00I  OUT  34| 09 3user
0840 11BA 20AA 05BF F69E 00FF 0000 1886 41E6 4CAA 41E6 2D60 0000 0471
690F 8101 1E47
```

Loss of radio connection:

```
12:55:54.004|                |690F80AA 690F8011|S00I  OUT  34| 09 4user
0840 11BA 138A 05BF F3BA 00F4 0004 15E9 41E6 61C9 41E6 2D60 0000 0BDC
0000 0000 00FF
```

In the datagram bit "st_rf" = 1 is set in the 7th word, 0x0004, and the base station address is zero. Datagrams are generated, stored in the recorder, and transferred to the node, however they are not sent over the radio channel.

Loss of GPS connection:

```
14:13:28.014|                |690F80AA 690F8011|S00I  OUT  34| 09 0user
0800 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000 0008 0000 41E6 73F8 41E6 2D60 0000 0F6D
690F 8022 1D3C
```

Bit "st_gps" = 1 in the 7th word, 0x0008, coordinates are zero. Only 1 datagram is generated.

3.4. Transparent Transmission

Example of data received via port SCC2 from the GPS, displayed in ASCII code:

```
08:44:52.099 rx;i 129 | S02
$GPRMC,074452,V,4934.1067,N,01604.6597,E,000.0,000.0,131204,002.2,E*60
$GPGGA,074452,4934.1067,N,01604.6597,E,0,00,,M,,M,,*59
```

Transparent datagram sent to address (A)tra dst:690F80CCh for parameter N(M)EA:GPRMC, displayed in ASCII:

```
08:44:52.100|          |690F80CC 690F8011|S02I  OUT  73| 09 2user
$GPRMC,074452,V,4934.1067,N,01604.6597,E,000.0,000.0,131204,002.2,E*60
```

4. Configuration Parameters

GPS parameters:

h(w) type:GARMIN

(m)ode:MOBILE/RSS/TIME

(c)orr. mode:OFF

(t)ime sync:OFF

(d)st:690F80AAh (p)eriod:10s d(i)stance:0*100m

TX (f)ix only:ON

(r)egion of interest:OFF

(W):0 (N):0

(E):0 (S):0

RSS (D)st:690F80BBh (P):10s

(A)tra dst:00000000h (a)tra period:0s N(M)EA:

(G)ps state o(b)solete stuff

(q)uit

>>

Meaning of individual parameters:

h(w) type:GARMIN - Selection of type of connected GPS

(G) GARMIN

(M) MOTOROLA

(m)ode:MOBILE/RSS/TIME - protocol operating mode

(M) MOBILE/RSS/TIME - basic mode, generates GPS BASIC datagrams

(m) MOBILE+REC/RSS/TIME - gen. datagrams GPS REC, only for module K

(T) CORR. SOURCE TRANSPARENT - receipt of data from correction source, transparent.

(R) CORR. SOURCE RTCM - receipt of data from correction source, RTCM mode

(o) mobile/obsolete - generates GPS BASIC old datagrams

(O) OFF

(c)orr. mode:OFF - use of corrections in the target GPS

(O) OFF - off

(T) CORR. TARGET TRANSPARENT - on, transparent

(R) CORR. TARGET RTCM - on, RTCM mode

(t)ime sync:OFF - synchronisation of the internal clock of the modem according to the GPS signal

o(n) - on

o(f)f - off

Parameters for sending information about the position:

(d)st:690F80AAh - destination address
(p)eriod:10s - period of sending messages, (p):0 stops transmitting
d(i)stance:0*100m - after inserting a nonzero value messages about
a change of GPS position by the selected distance
are also generated.

Transmitting these messages is influenced by (r)egion and (f)ix parameters and the GPS connection:

TX (f)ix only:ON - a message is only sent to the (d)st address under the condition, that the GPS caught the necessary data, "is fixed"
o(n) - on
o(f)f - off

(r)egion of interest: - a message is only sent to the (d)st address under the condition, that the resulting coordinate lies inside the rectangle (W),(E),(N),(S), it is used for filtering out erroneous coordinates
o(n) - on
o(f)f - off

(W):0 - West - west edge of area
(E):0 - East - east
(N):0 - North - north
(S):0 - South - south
- edge of area "(r)egion of interest" in units 1/100000 of a minute,
Western longitude is expressed as a negative number,
Southern latitude is expressed as a negative number

An example of defining an area 12deg to 19deg eastern longitude and 48deg to 51deg northern latitude (Czech Republic):

(r)egion of interest:ON
(W): 72000000 (N):306000000
(E):114000000 (S):288000000 ...48 x 6000000 = 288000000

Parameters for transmitting messages about the position and the strength of the signal from the CU Base:

RSS (D)st:690F80BBh - target address
(P):10s - period of transmitting messages, (P):0 stops transmitting

Parameters for transmitting transparent data:

(A)tra dst:00000000h - destination address
(a)tra period:0s - period of sending messages, (a):0 stops transmitting
N(M)EA: first 5 ASCII characters of the required part of the message.

For example, if communication GPS -> CU looks as follows:

```
09:32:29.459 rx;i 141 | S02
$GPRMC,083229,A,4934.1109,N,01604.6641,E,000.0,167.5,101204,002.2,E*72
$GPGGA,083229,4934.1109,N,01604.6641,E,1,05,4.2,635.1,M,44.2,M,,*45
```

We can insert GPGGA characters into parameter M:

N(M) EA:GPGGA

and then the second part of the message is sent transparently in hexadecimal format to address (A)tra.

(G)ps state - auxiliary parameters for GPS:

```
Gps state:
(s)tatus
GARMIN:
(d)isable all
(9)600
(e)nable selected sentences
(r)eset unit
(q)uit
>>
```

(s)tatus - information about the status of GPS:
>>GPS status:

```
NSat:5           - number of intercepted satellites
Fix:1            - 1 = fixed, 0 = no
lon:16.077715deg - longitude, degrees
lat:49.568445deg - latitude, degrees
alt:621.300000m 3Dfix:1 - altitude, fixed for 3D
speed:0.000000km/h - speed between the last two points
azimuth:355.600000deg - direction between the last two points
UTC:2006-2-21 11:58:19 - GMT
vstat:0000      - auxiliary data about the status of the vehicle,
                 same as "status" in GPS BASIC packet
```

Other parameters are only determined for development purposes.

```
(d)isable all
(9)600
(e)nable selected sentences
(r)eset unit
```

5. History

This description is valid from version fw704, detailed arrangement of the protocols parameters from fw745. Datagrams with the recorder are tested in version K673.
